





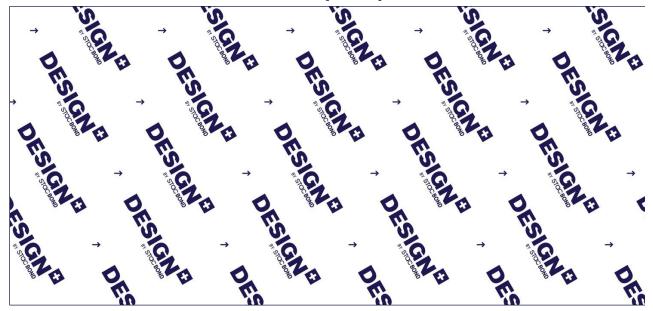
# **Environmental Product Declaration**

In accordance with ISO 14025:2006 and EN 15804:2012+A2:2019/AC:2021 for:

STACBOND® DESIGN+ COMPOSITE PANELS

Version 1.0.

## From Sistemas Técnicos del Accesorio y Componentes S.L. (STAC)



Programme:	The International EPD <sup>®</sup> System, www.envirodec.com
Programme operator:	EPD International AB
EPD registration number:	S-P-08420
Publication date:	2023-03-03
Valid until:	2028-03-01

An EPD should provide current information and may be updated if conditions change. The stated validity is therefore subject to the continued registration and publication at <u>www.environdec.com</u>





## **General information**

Programme information

Programme:	The International EPD <sup>®</sup> System				
	EPD International AB				
	Box 210 60				
Address:	SE-100 31 Stockholm				
	Sweden				
Website:	www.environdec.com				
E-mail:	info@environdec.com				

ISO standard ISO 21930 and CEN standard EN 15804 serve as the core Product Category Rules (PCR)

Product category rules (PCR): PCR 2019:14 Construction products (EN 15804:A2) Version 1.25

PCR review was conducted by: The Technical Committee of the International EPD®System. See www.environdec.com/TCfor a list of members. Review chair: Claudia A. Peña, University of Concepción, Chile. The review panel may be contacted via the Secretariat <u>www.environdec.com/contact</u>.

 Independent third-party verification of the declaration and data, according to ISO 14025:2006:

 ☑ External
 □ Internal

 Covering

 □ EPD process certification
 ⊠ EPD verification

Third party verifier:

Tecnalia R&I Certificacion, SL info@tecnaliacertificacion.com Accredited by: ENAC nº125/C-PR283.

Procedure for follow-up of data during EPD validity involves third party verifier:

🛛 Yes 🗆 No

The EPD owner has the sole ownership, liability, and responsibility for the EPD.

EPDs within the same product category but registered in different EPD programmes, or not compliant with EN 15804, may not be comparable. For two EPDs to be comparable, they must be based on the same PCR (including the same version number) or be based on fully-aligned PCRs or versions of PCRs; cover products with identical functions, technical performances and use (e.g. identical declared/functional units); have equivalent system boundaries and descriptions of data; apply equivalent data quality requirements, methods of data collection, and allocation methods; apply identical cut-off rules and impact assessment methods (including the same version of characterisation factors); have equivalent content declarations; and be valid at the time of comparison. For further information about comparability, see EN 15804 and ISO 14025.



# **Company information**

#### Owner of the EPD: Sistemas Técnicos del Accesorio y Componentes S.L.

**Description of the organisation:** STAC, Sistemas Técnicos del Accesorio y Componentes S. L., Technical Systems of Accessory and Components Ltd, is a company that specialises in the manufacturing of products for the aluminium fenestration sector.

In each of its 5 divisions, STAC adopts absolute precision in design, trying to meet the actual market demands in quality and innovation requirements. Consequently, we retain not only the best facilities, which adapt and adhere to the different production lines, but also a specialised technical team whose vast experience has firmly positioned them as one of leaders in this sector. These divisions are:

- STAC HARDWARE DIVISION: Ironworks and Accessories
- STAC SEALING PROFILES DIVISION: Manufacture of extruded and co-extruded polymer profiles
- STAC INSULATING PROFILES DIVISION: Production of polyamide profiles
- STACBOND COMPOSITE DIVISION: Composite panel fabrication
- STACBOND COIL COATING DIVISION: Coil coating and processing

STACBOND<sup>®</sup> is the leading company in the composite panel market in Spain. Since 2001 STAC has been developing products focused on carpentry and curtain wall systems, as well as polyamide profiles and joints. STAC has the following standards and certifications:

- ISO9001
- ISO14001
- Zero Waste



Figure 1. ISO 9001, ISO 14001 and Zero Waste Certification

Name and location of production site(s): C/ Isaac Prado Bodelón, Parcela 2 Polígono Industrial de La Rozada, Viladecanes 24516, Parandones, León, Spain

**Contact:** For more information about these or other products, contact: Antonio López Merino. Quality and Environment Manager. E-mail: epd@stac.es



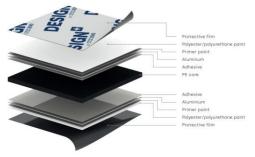
# **Product information**

#### Product name: Composite Panel STACBOND® DESIGN+

**<u>Product description</u>**: The Composite Panel STACBOND<sup>®</sup> is composed of two aluminium sheets joined by a core of thermoplastic resins. It is lacquered with the highest quality paint, offering the highest resistance to aging. The paint finishes can be in the following finishes: PE and PU.

The manufacture of the Composite Panel STACBOND® follows a controlled process through rigorous testing and quality controls. DESIGN+ is the aluminium composite panel developed by STACBOND® for sign making and direct digital printing. Its technologically advanced surface composition guarantees perfect adhesion of UV inks and ensures quality, precise and long-lasting results. Uses:

- Base for digital print
- Signage
- Remodeling of comercial areas
- Signage and advertisement solutions
- Design for exhibition stands
- Space division and cladding
- Industrial applications



#### Figure 2. STACBOND®DESIGN+.

The technical characteristics of the panels are the following:

Width (min / max)	mm		1500 - 2000 / 2050
Length (min / max)	mm		2000 / 6000
Peeling	N/mm	ASTM D903 - 98 (2004)	≥ 9.90
Elasticity module (E)	N/mm2	EN 485 - 2	70000
Proof stress (Rp 0.2)	mm³/m	EN 485 -2	≥ 80
Tensile strength (Rm)	N/mm2	EN 485 - 2	100 ≤ Rm ≤225
Thermal expansion for differences of 100° C	mm/m (100ª)	UNE-EN ISO 10545:1997	2,3
Use temperature	°C		- 40 / + 80

**<u>UN CPC code</u>**: According to the UN-CPC product classification system, the code corresponding to the product manufactured by STAC is CPC 314 – "BOARDS AND PANELS".





# LCA information

**Declared unit:** The declared unit is the baseline reference for which all information is collected. In this study, the declared unit is "1 m<sup>2</sup> of STACBOND DESIGN+ panel" of 3mm thick for the following references:

- STACBOND®DESIGN+ PE
- STACBOND®DESIGN+ PU

Given that the difference in impacts is more than 10% between the different versions of the product, the results are declared for the worst case, in this case the STACBOND® DESIGN+ PU.

**<u>Reference service life:</u>** Not relevant for this EPD.

Geographical scope: The geographical scope of this EPD is global.

**<u>Time representativeness</u>**: The data collection from factory (primary data) and electricity mix are from 2021/01/01 to 2021/12/31. In this study, no datasets older than 10 years were used.

**Database(s) and LCA software used:** All the data used to model the process and obtain the Life Cycle Inventory are specific data and have been obtained by measurements made during the period from 2021/01/01 to 2021/12/31. They are representative of the different processes implemented during the manufacturing process. The data has been measured directly at the company's own premises. In addition, the most complete and highest quality European life cycle inventory database, Ecoinvent 3.8, has been used, as this database contains the most extensive and updated information, and its scope coincides with the geographical, technological and temporal area of the project. The LCA was modelled with Simapro 9.3.0.3.

**Description of system boundaries:** According to the standard UNE-EN 15804\_2012+A2\_2020 (MARCH 2020) and PCR 2019:14 CONSTRUCTION PRODUCTS (version 1.25) the system boundary is cradle to gate with modules C1-C4 and module D (A1-A3 + C + D). The life cycle stages A4-A5, B1-B7 were excluded from the LCA study.



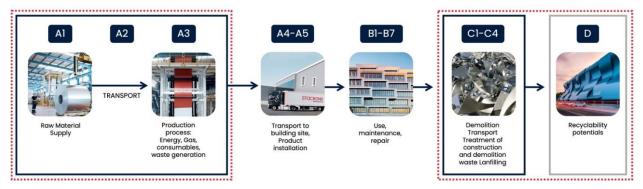


#### System diagram:

System Limits

Benefits and loads beyond the system boundary

..... Study Limits



#### Manufacturing process:

- 1. The extruder and co-extruder extract the material in granules from the feeding system and convey it while compressing it, producing a homogeneous melt, and developing sufficient pressure so that the sheet emerges continuously.
- 2. The aluminium sheets are supplied in coils. They are treated and painted according to the required finish. Once painted, they are fed into the processing line through the compound rollers. These glue the sheet to the core by compression, leaving a continuous panel in the form of a sandwich.
- 3. By means of the heat supplied by the banbury, both elements (core and sheets) are tightly bonded, and the excess is trimmed off by blades.
- 4. The continuous panel is passed through rollers that flatten it to the desired tolerance, and then it is cooled and straightened to the required flatness.
- 5. The protective film is then applied, before the panel is given the required dimensions by side trimming and shearing.
- 6. Finally, the panels are measured and marked before being palletised for delivery.

#### Author of the Life Cycle Assessment:

IK ingeniería Av. Cervantes 51, Edif. 10, panta 5, dpto. 48970 Basauri, Bizkaia (Spain)

#### Data quality

The environmental impact of the STACBOND® DESIGN+ has been calculated. It is based on the international standards established for the development of environmental product declarations, such as ISO 14025 for the preparation of the environmental product declaration, ISO 14040 and ISO 14044 for the preparation of the life cycle analysis, UNE-EN 15804:2012+A2:2020 (MARCH 2020) and the Product Category Rules PCR - "2019:14 Construction products" (Version 1.25).

Data has been collected from 2021/01/01 to 2021/01/31 and is representative of that year. Data for raw material supply, transport to fabrication plant and production (A1-A3) is based on specific consumption data for the factory at Parandones. Generic background datasets were used for the downstream processes. SimaPro v9.3.0.3. software was used to prepare the life cycle analysis together with the Ecoinvent 3.8 database. Characterization factors from EN15804: 2012 + A2:2019. The geographical coverage is global. Technological coverage is typical or average.

**Assumptions** 





The modularity principle, as well as the polluter-payer principle have been followed. The following assumptions have been made in this EPD:

- It does not include the manufacturing processes of the capital goods or spare parts and/or maintenance with a life of more than three years.
- ✓ The environmental impact of infrastructure for general management, office, and headquarters operations is not included.
- ✓ The impact caused by people (common activities, travel for work...) will not be considered.
- It does not include the consumption of natural gas for sanitary hot water from showers and heating system for the comfort of people.
- ✓ The processes associated with fuel production are intrinsically included in the indicators in ECOINVENT's database used in carrying out the LCA.
- ✓ The environmental impact of external transport has been calculated using lorries from the ECOINVENT 3.8 database, EURO 5. These lorries have been selected to reflect the most realistic scenario possible.

#### Cut-off rules

The standard ISO 14025 and the PCR -"2019:14 CONSTRUCTION PRODUCTS" indicate that the life cycle inventory data should include a minimum of 95% of the total inputs (materials and energy) for each stage. This cut-off rule does not apply for hazardous materials and substances. No such cut-off criteria have been taken into account in this study.

#### Allocation.

Where necessary, such us waste generation and energy consumption, an allocation based in mass has been used.

#### Greenhous gas emission from the use of electricity in the manufacturing phase

Specific electricity mix, low voltage (direct emissions and losses in grid) electricity is considered for the manufacturing process. and is based on data for the year 2021.

Electricity mix	Amount	Units
Specific electricity mix	5,00E-01	Kg CO2-eqv/kWh

#### LCA Scenarios and additional technical information

Dismantling/demolition (module C1):

In this module, the energy consumption of the dismantling with a radial saw has been considered.

#### Transport (module C2):

With a collection rate of 100%, the transports are carried out by lorry (EURO 5) over 50 km.

#### Waste processing (modules C3 and C4):

A recycling ratio of 89 % is considered in accordance with the recovery rate of construction and demolition waste statistics, published by <u>Eurostat</u> and the sorting impact is considered. The remaining 11% is considered to be landfilled. These percentages are representative of the areas where the product is marketed. Likewise, in module C3, the electricity consumption necessary to separate the nucleus from the aluminium sheets has been considered.

#### <u>Recyclability potentials (module D)</u>:

The panel is separated into core and aluminium sheet in its recycling and recycled for replacement of virgin chippings and virgin aluminium respectively. The loads of recycling process and the benefits of substitution of virgin materials have been considered.

#### LCA Scenarios for end of life

	Processes	Per Declared unit
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	6,79E+00	Kg collected separatelly		
Collection process specified by type	0.00E+00	Kg collected with mixed construction		
	0,002+00	waste		
	0,00E+00	Kg for reuse		
Recovery system specified by type	6,04E+00	Kg for recycling		
	0,00E+00	Kg for energy recovery		
Disposal specified by type	7,46E-01	Kg for final disposal		
Assumptions for scenario transportation	Consump	metric ton, EURO5 tion: 0,03kg/km Ince:50 km		

## Modules declared, geographical scope, share of specific data (in GWP-GHG indicator) and data variation:

-				onical se													-
				Const	ruction												Resource
	Pro	duct sto	age	pro	cess			U	se sta	ge			End o	f life st	age		recovery
				sto	ige												stage
	Raw material supply	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport	Construction installation	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational	Operational water	De-construction demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	Reuse-Recovery- Recycling- potential
Module	Al	A2	A3	Α4	A5	B1	B2	В3	В4	В5	В6	B7	Cl	C2	C3	C4	D
Modules declared	х	х	х	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	х	х	х	х	x
Geography	EU	EU	EU	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	GLO	GLO	GLO	GLO	GLO
Specific data		>90%		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Variation – products		-0,61%		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Variation – sites		0%		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

ND: Not declared EU: European Union GLO: Gobal





# **Content information**

		Per 1 m <sup>2</sup>							
Product components	Weight, kg	Weight, kg Post-col material, v		Renewable material, weight-%					
Mineral core	1,33E+00	0,0	0%	0,00%					
Aluminium	2,27E+00	0,0	0,00% 0,00%						
Lacquered	1,38E-01	0,00%		0,00%					
Adhesive	5,32E-03	0,00%		0,00%					
TOTAL	3,75E+00	0,0	0%	0,00%					
Packaging materials	Weight, kg		Weight-9	% (versus the product)					
Film	3,49E-02		0,93%						
Wood	1,23E-04	1,23E-04 0,00%							
Cardboard	2,02E-02			0,54%					
TOTAL	5,52E-02			1,47%					

Packaging: The product is transported to the construction site packed with plastic film and carboard, in pallets.

No substances included in the Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern for authorization under REACH Regulations are present in the analysed panels manufactured by STAC, either above the threshold for registration with the European Chemicals Agency or above 0,1% (wt/wt).





## **Environmental Information**

# Potential environmental impact – mandatory indicators according to EN 15804:

Results per declared unit											
Indicator	Unit	A1-A3	C1	C2	C3	C4	D				
GWP-fossil	kg CO2 eq.	4,96E+01	3,74E-03	5,64E-02	9,50E-01	7,42E-02	-2,16E+01				
GWP-biogenic	kg CO2 eq.	1,52E-01	1,18E-04	5,08E-05	2,99E-02	6,56E-04	-4,40E-02				
GWP-luluc	kg CO2 eq.	2,06E-01	8,85E-06	2,22E-05	2,25E-03	2,13E-06	-3,65E-01				
GWP-total	kg CO₂ eq.	5,00E+01	3,87E-03	5,65E-02	9,83E-01	7,49E-02	-2,20E+01				
ODP	kg CFC 11 eq.	3,45E-06	1,88E-10	1,31E-08	4,78E-08	2,48E-09	-1,55E-06				
AP	mol H⁺ eq.	3,07E-01	2,13E-05	2,29E-04	5,40E-03	6,33E-05	-1,55E-01				
EP-freshwater	kg PO4 <sup>3-</sup> eq.	5,35E-03	1,23E-06	1,21E-06	3,12E-04	2,28E-07	-2,63E-03				
EP-freshwater	kg P eq.	1,74E-03	4,00E-07	3,96E-07	1,02E-04	7,43E-08	-8,58E-04				
EP-marine	kg N eq.	5,25E-02	2,71E-06	6,83E-05	6,89E-04	3,59E-05	-1,89E-02				
EP-terrestrial	mol N eq.	5,81E-01	3,13E-05	7,54E-04	7,94E-03	2,62E-04	-2,12E-01				
POCP	kg NMVOC eq.	1,76E-01	8,59E-06	2,31E-04	2,18E-03	9,02E-05	-7,20E-02				
ADP- minerals&metals*	kg Sb eq.	7,14E-04	3,47E-08	1,96E-07	8,80E-06	3,22E-08	-4,51E-05				
ADP-fossil*	MJ	5,89E+02	7,93E-02	8,53E-01	2,01E+01	1,89E-01	-3,13E+02				
WDP	m³ eq	1,14E+01	9,28E-04	2,55E-03	2,36E-01	9,57E-04	-6,29E+00				
	luluc = Globo ozone layer; ;	Il Warming Pot AP = Acidificat	ential land use ion potential,	e and land use c Accumulated Ex	hange; ODP = Dep (ceedance; EP-fre	Warming Potentia Detion potential of shwater = Eutroph	the stratosphe nication potent				

Acronyms ozone layer; AP = Acidification potential, Accumulated Exceedance; EP-freshwater = Eutrophication potential, fraction of nutrients reaching freshwater end compartment; EP-marine = Eutrophication potential, fraction of nutrients reaching marine end compartment; EP-terrestrial = Eutrophication potential, Accumulated Exceedance; POCP = Formation potential of tropospheric ozone; ADP-minerals&metals = Abiotic depletion potential for non-fossil resources; ADP-fossil = Abiotic depletion for fossil resources potential; WDP = Water (user) deprivation potential, deprivation-weighted water consumption

\* Disclaimer. The results of this environmental impact indicator shall be used with care as the uncertainties of these results are high or as there is limited experience with the indicator.

# Potential environmental impact – additional mandatory and voluntary indicators

Results per declared unit											
Indicator	Unit	A1-A3	C1	C2	C3	C4	D				
GWP-GHG <sup>1</sup>	kg CO₂ eq.	4,91E+01	3,47E-03	5,61E-02	8,81E-01	7,37E-02	-2,19E+01				

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The indicator includes all greenhouse gases included in GWP-total but excludes biogenic carbon dioxide uptake and emissions and biogenic carbon stored in the product. This indicator is thus equal to the GWP indicator originally defined in EN 15804:2012+A1:2013.





## Use of resources

	Results per declared unit												
Indicator	Unit	A1-A3	C1	C2	C3	C4	D						
PERE	MJ	7,65E+01	7,79E+01	7,79E+01	7,79E+01	7,79E+01	7,79E+01						
PERM	MJ	1,37E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00						
PERT	MJ	7,79E+01	7,79E+01	7,79E+01	7,79E+01	7,79E+01	7,79E+01						
PENRE	MJ	4,33E+02	5,79E+02	5,79E+02	5,79E+02	5,79E+02	5,79E+02						
PENRM	MJ.	1,46E+02	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00						
PENRT	MJ	5,79E+02	5,79E+02	5,79E+02	5,79E+02	5,79E+02	5,79E+02						
SM	kg	3,38E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00						
RSF	MJ	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00						
NRSF	MJ	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00						
FW	m3	5,70E-01	5,70E-01	5,70E-01	5,70E-01	5,70E-01	5,70E-01						
Acronyms	PERE = Use of renewor materials; PERM = Use renewable primary e renewable primary e energy resources use SM = Use of seconda secondary fuels; FW =	e of renewable energy resourc energy resourc ed as raw mate ry material; RS	primary energ es; PENRE = U es used as ra rials; PENRT = T F = Use of rene	gy resources u se of non-ren w materials; F Total use of nor	sed as raw mo ewable primo PENRM = Use o n-renewable p	aterials; PERT = ary energy exc of non-renewc orimary energy	Total use of cluding non- able primary y re-sources;						

## Waste production and Output flows

## Waste production

	Results per declared unit												
Indicator	Unit	A1-A3	C1	C2	C3	C4	D						
Hazardous waste disposed	kg	4,33E-02	6,03E-08	2,23E-06	1,53E-05	2,30E-07	-1,57E-04						
Non-hazardous waste disposed	kg	1,21E+01	2,90E-04	4,39E-02	7,38E-02	7,62E-01	-5,78E+00						
Radioactive waste disposed	kg	1,83E-03	5,80E-07	5,77E-06	1,47E-04	1,26E-06	-1,05E-03						





### Output flows

Results per declared unit							
Indicator	Unit	A1-A3	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Components for re-use	kg	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
Material for recycling	kg	1,16E-01	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	6,04E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
Materials for energy recovery	kg	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
Exported energy, electricity	MJ	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
Exported energy, thermal	MJ	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00

### Information on biogenic carbon content

Results per declared unit						
<b>BIOGENIC CARBON CONTENT</b>	Unit	QUANTITY				
Biogenic carbon content in product	kg C	0,00E+00				
Biogenic carbon content in packaging	kg C	0,00E+00				

The product does not contain biogenic carbon and the mass of biogenic carbon-containing materials in the packaging is less than 5% of the total mass of the product, therefore the declaration of biogenic carbon content can be omitted.





# **VERIFICATION STATEMENT CERTIFICATE** *CERTIFICADO DE DECLARACIÓN DE VERIFICACIÓN*

Certificate No. / Certificado nº: EPD02604

TECNALIA R&I CERTIFICACION S.L., confirms that independent third-party verification has been conducted of the Environmental Product Declaration (EPD) on behalf of:

TECNALIA R&I CERTIFICACION S.L., confirma que se ha realizado verificación de tercera parte independiente de la Declaración Ambiental de Producto (DAP) en nombre de:

## SISTEMAS TÉCNICOS DEL ACCESORIO Y COMPONENTES, S.L. (STAC) Polígono Industrial Picusa, s/n 15900 PADRON (A Coruña) - SPAIN

for the following product(s):
 para el siguiente(s) producto(s):

Composite Panels STACBOND® DESIGN+, references: STACBOND® DESIGN+ PE and STACBOND® DESIGN+ PU. Paneles de Composite STACBOND® DESIGN+, referencias: STACBOND® DESIGN+ PE y STACBOND® DESIGN+ PU.

with registration number **S-P-08420** in the International EPD<sup>®</sup> System (*www.environdec.com*). con número de registro **S-P-08420** en el Sistema International EPD<sup>®</sup> (*www.environdec.com*).

it's in conformity with: *es conforme con:* 

- ISO 14025:2010 Environmental labels and declarations. Type III environmental declarations
- General Programme Instructions for the International EPD<sup>®</sup> System v.4.0.
- PCR 2019:14 Construction products (EN 15804:A2) v.1.2.5.
- CPC 314 Boards and panels.

Issued date / Fecha de emisión: Update date / Fecha de actualización: Valid until / Válido hasta: Serial № / № Serie: 02/03/2023 02/03/2023 01/03/2028 EPD0260400-E



Carlos Nazabal Alsua Manager



This certificate is not valid without its related EPD. Este certificado no es válido sin su correspondiente EPD.

El presente certificado está sujeto a modificaciones, suspensiones temporales y retiradas por TECNALIA R&I CERTIFICACION. This certificate is subject to modifications, temporary suspensions and withdrawals by TECNALIA R&I CERTIFICACION. El estado de vigencia del certificado puede confirmarse mediante consolta en www.tecnaliacertificacion.com. The validity of this certificate can be checked through consultation in www.tecnaliacertification.com.





# **Additional information**

For more information on these or other services, please visit the website: https://www.stac.es/descargas or contact us by email: <a href="mailto:epd@stac.es">epd@stac.es</a>

# Information related to Sector EPD

This is an individual EPD®

# **Differences versus previous versions**

This is the first version of the EPD<sup>®</sup>.

## References

- General Programme Instruction of the International EPD®System. Version 4.0.
- ISO 14020:2000 Environmental labels and declarations-General principles.
- ISO 14025:2010 Environmental labels and declarations-Type III Environmental Declarations-Principles and procedures.
- ISO 14040:2006 Environmental Management-Life Cycle Assessment-Principles and framework.
- ISO 14044:2006 Environmental Management-Life Cycle Assessment-Requirements and guidelines.
- PCR 2019:14 Construction products (EN 15804: A2) version 1.25
- EN 15804:2012+A2:2019 Sustainability of construction works-Environmental Product Declarations-Core rules for the product category of construction products